

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: B-4564

Name: Edison Hwy over Amtrak

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST	
Eligibility Recommended _____	Eligibility Not Recommended <u>X</u>
Criteria: <u> </u> A <u> </u> B <u>X</u> C <u> </u> D Considerations: <u> </u> A <u> </u> B <u> </u> C <u> </u> D <u> </u> E <u> </u> F <u> </u> G <u> </u> None	
Comments: _____	
Reviewer, OPS: <u>Anne E. Bruder</u>	Date: <u>3 April 2001</u>
Reviewer, NR Program: <u>Peter E. Kurtze</u>	Date: <u>3 April 2001</u>

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Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties
Historic Bridge Inventory
Maryland State Highway Administration
Maryland Historical Trust

MHT Number B-4564

Name and SHA No. BC 4208

Location:

Street/Road Name and Number: Edison Highway over AMTRAK

City/Town: Baltimore Vicinity

County:

Ownership: State County X Municipal Other

This bridge projects over: Road X Railway Water Land

Is the bridge located within a designated district: yes X no

 NR listed district NR determined eligible district

 locally designated other

Name of District

Bridge Type:

 Timber Bridge

 Beam Bridge Truss-Covered Trestle

 Timber-and-Concrete

 Stone Arch

 Metal Truss

 Movable Bridge

 Swing Bascule Single Leaf Bascule Multiple Leaf

 Vertical Lift Retractable Pontoon

X Metal Girder

X Rolled Girder Rolled Girder Concrete Encased

 Plate Girder X Plate Girder Concrete Encased

 Metal Suspension

 Metal Arch

☐ Metal Cantilever

☐ Concrete

☐ Concrete Arch ☐ Concrete Slab ☐ Concrete Beam

☐ Rigid Frame

☐ Other Type Name _____

Description:

Describe Setting:

Bridge Number BC4208 carries Edison Avenue in a generally north-south direction over Amtrak tracks in the City of Baltimore, Maryland. The approach to the roadway is rising and has four lanes. The area around this bridge is urban and residential. The structures in the vicinity of this bridge are generally from the twentieth century.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:

Bridge Number BC4208 is a ten span structure, measuring 480 feet in total length. Bridge Number BC4208 is a rolled I-beam deck bridge with a center span of concrete encased rolled girder. The roadway width from curb to curb is 44 feet and the total deck width is 57 feet. There are sidewalks on both sides of the bridge and the width of each is five feet.

The superstructure is composed of a steel rolled I-beam and a concrete encased rolled girder system. There is one span in the main bridge unit and nine in the approach units. The longest span is 108 feet long. The other spans are 40 feet long. There are no stringers in the structure. The floor system is composed of concrete cast-in-place. The joints are made of a compression seals. There are two rectangular concrete parapets. There is little ornamentation. There are no historical plaques. The substructure is composed of concrete cantilever abutments and wing walls. The piers and columns are also concrete. There is no ornamentation. There are no historical plaques. The condition of this bridge is currently rated fair with some segment loss, deterioration and spalling.

Discuss Major Alterations:

There has been one major alteration to this structure. These occurred in 1980 and involved the reconstruction of this bridge. All the elements of this bridge are new in 1980.

History:

When Built: 1931 reconstructed 1980

Why Built: Increased traffic density necessitated a structure with an increased load capacity.

Who Built: State Roads Commission

Why Altered: Safety and structure

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign:

Surveyor Analysis:**This bridge may have NR significance for association with:**

- ☐ A Events ☐ Person
☐ C Engineering/Architectural

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history:

Yes. Increasing growth of vehicular traffic rates paralleled the growth of state-owned and state-aided highways. The 1930's brought a dramatic increase in the number of tractor-trailers and other heavy vehicles. The Maryland State Roads Commission began to emphasize standardized designs. Old, one way bridges and other inadequate designs were often replaced by steel girder design bridges.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

No. Bridge BC4208 had a significant impact on the area. The ability to access the markets and employment potential of Baltimore City would have been seriously limited to locals had this bridge not been built. The steady outward growth of Baltimore City necessitated the steady growth of a sufficient transportation network. The construction of bridge BC4208 would have been a significant part of this development. The neighborhoods of Edison Avenue would have all been directly impacted.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from historic and visual character of the possible district?

No. Bridge BC4208 is located in an area with little or no historic significance. This area has had a wide variety of unconnected developments. There is little in this area that could be considered in the future for eligibility. The loss of this bridge would not detract from the historic or visual character of this area.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

No. Bridge BC4208 is a common type of metal girder bridge. Metal girder bridges were built prolifically in Maryland from the late nineteenth century to the present day. There is nothing to set this bridge apart from others of its type. There are numerous other examples of this bridge available.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

No.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and Why?

No. This bridge does not retain sufficient elements of historical structural integrity to qualify for further study.

Bibliography:

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1977 Atlas of Baltimore, Maryland. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

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Spero, P.A.C. & Company, and Louis Berger & Associates
1994 Historic Bridges in Maryland: Historic Bridge Context. Baltimore, Maryland.

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1993 Bridge Inventory. Baltimore, Maryland.

U.S. Department of the Interior
1990 National Register Bulletin Number 15. National Park Service. Washington D.C.

U.S. Department of Transportation
1991 Bridge Inspectors Manual. Federal Highway Administration. Washington D.C.

Surveyor:

Name: Andrew M. Watts **Date:** March 1996

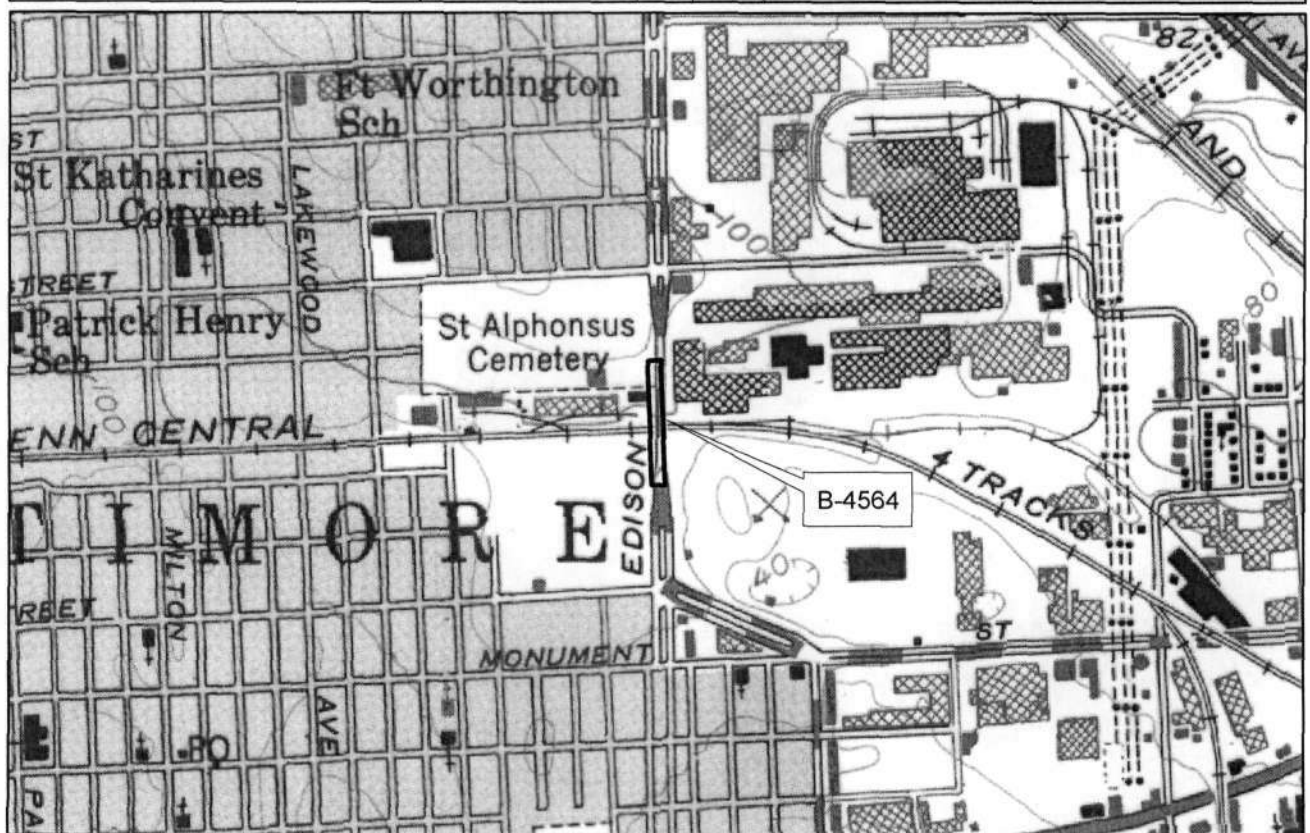
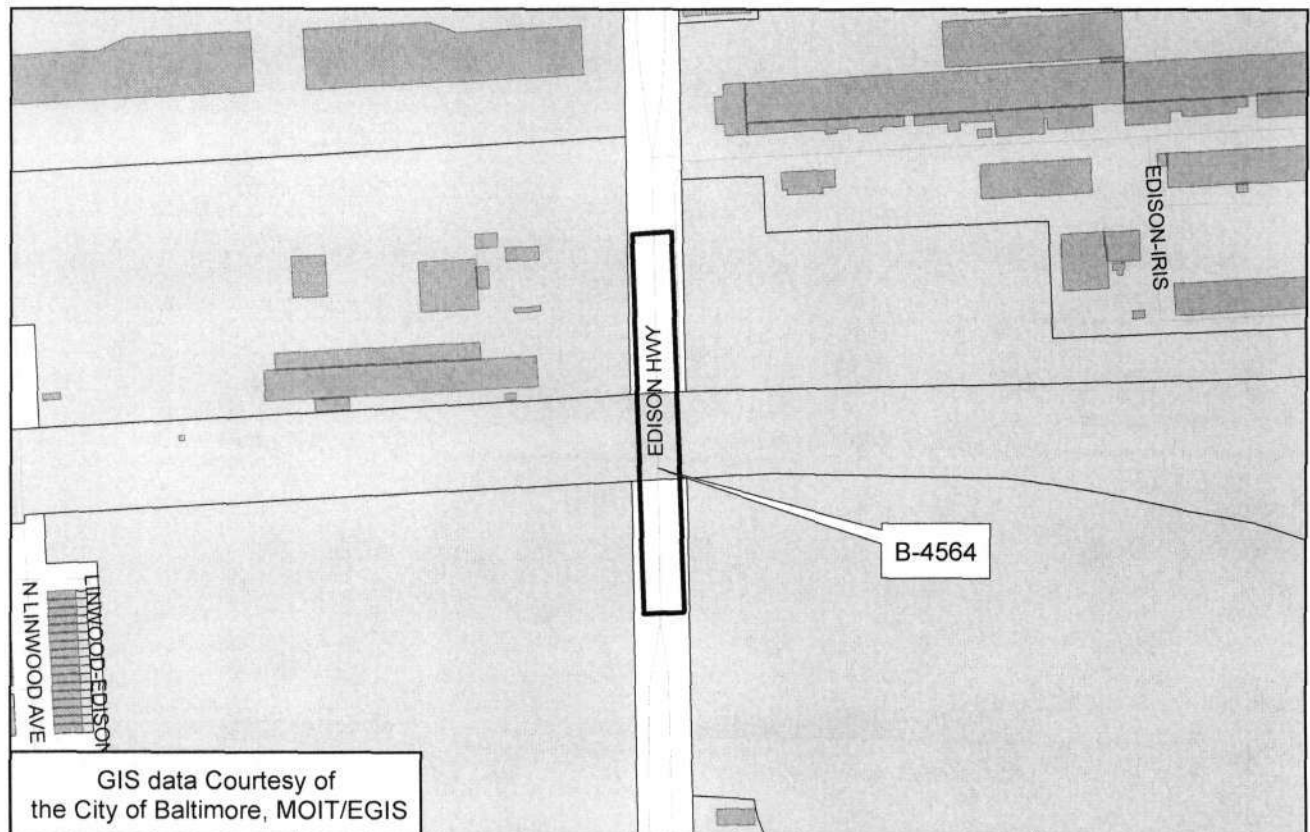
Organization: State Highway Administration **Telephone:** (410) 321-2213

Address: 2323 West Joppa Road, Brooklandville, MD 21022

Maryland Historic Highway Bridges
Bridge Type Metal Girder B-4564
Map D-13 Dundalk
County Baltimore City
Bridge # and name BC 4208/Edison
Highway over AMTRAK



B-4564
Bridge 4208
Edison Highway over AMTRAK
Baltimore City
Baltimore East Quad





Inventory # B-4564

Name 4208-EDISON HWY OVER AMTRAK

County/State BALTIMORE CITY /MD

Name of Photographer TIM SCHUEN

Date 1/95

Location of Negative SHA

Description NORTH APPROACH

Number 1 of 20 364





Inventory # B-4564

Name 4208-EDISON HWY OVER AMTRAK

County/State BALTIMORE CITY/MD

Name of Photographer TIM SCHOEN

Date 1/95

Location of Negative SNA

Description SOUTH APPROACH

Number 3 21 of 26 4



